

## **Malocclusion (re-occurring condition)**

Clinical Observation: Rodent with abnormal incisors (hereditary). The animal may be thin and dehydrated.

Treatment: Trim incisors. Warm subcutaneous saline or LRS may be needed if animal is dehydrated

- Provide moist food in cage
- Recheck animal daily, weekly and then monthly as needed
- PI / contact person notified

Plan: Inform PI and/or Lab's contact person of treatment and notify that rodent should not be used for breeding. Ask lab to consider euthanasia.

### **Steps for submitting DLAR Request for Health Check**

1. Animal Care Person (DLAR personnel, PI Lab person) will complete DLAR Request for Health Check form and place red Veterinary Examination card in cage cardholder
2. Give completed DLAR Request form to area supervisor, veterinarian or veterinary technician (**Page Veterinarian / veterinary technician when necessary**)
3. Veterinarian / veterinary technician will examine animal, make comments on DLAR Request for Health Check form and red Veterinary Examination card with date and initials
4. Contact PI or contact person (phone, email and/or fax) and to discuss plans for treatment or to recommend humane euthanasia by specified time period
5. Treatments will be done by a DLAR veterinarian, supervisor or designated veterinary technician and recorded on DLAR Request for Health Check form and red Veterinary Examination card.

### **Conditions That Require Immediate Examination (Page Veterinarian when Necessary)**

Moribund (near death) animal e.g....hunched posture, thin, weak, anemic, hypothermic, dyspneic

Dystocia (difficult birth)

Dyspneic (difficult breathing)

Bleeding (fresh) wound

Prolapsed rectums or genitalia

Dehiscence (opening or rupturing) of wound or surgical sites

Paresis/ Paralysis

Not able to eat or drink (dehydrated, malocclusion, oral tumor)

Rodent showing signs of pain